## Constant c

## Consider the function *f* defined as

 $f(x) = c(2x - x^2)$  for 0 < x < 2 and 0 otherwise.

Which constant c turns f into a probability density function?

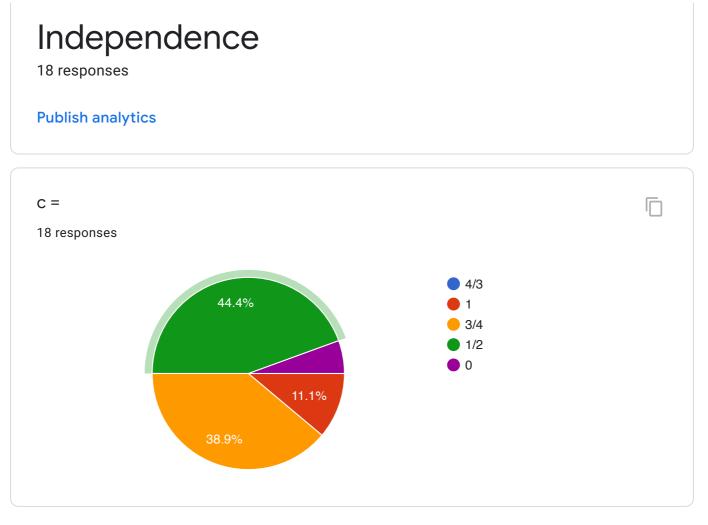
1. c =

Mark only one oval.



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